



Foghlam LGDT

Am-bliadhana, bith Alba a chiad dùthaich san t-saoghal a chuireas eachdraidh agus fiosrachadh LGDT a-steach dhan foghlam. Thuir rùnaire foghlam, John Swinney, “Tha Alba mar-thà aon de na dùthchannan as adhartaiche san Roinn Eòrpa a thaobh co-ionannachd LGDT, agus tha mi air bhioran gum bith i a chiad dùthaich seo a dhèanamh.” Ghabh ministearan Albannach molaidhean airson seo san t-Samhain, dà-mhìle is ochd-deug, agus bi e a’ tachairt as t-fhoghar.

Chaidh an co-dhùnadh a dhèanamh leis a chuideachadh am buidheann Àm Airson Foghlam Inghabhailta, a tha air a bhith a’ cuir cuideam air an riaghaltas airson iomadh bliadhna. Bith sgoilearan ag ionnsachadh mu dheidhinn eachdraidh co-ionannachd LGDT, cìmar a dhèiligeas tu ri gràin co-ghnèitheachd agus tar-ghnèitheach, agus duilgheadasan dearbh-aithne.

Chan eil e iongantach gu bheil Alba a chiad dùthaich seo a’ cuir an cèill. Chaidh pòsadh den aon ghnè a dhèanamh laghail ann an dà mhìle is ceithir-deug. Tha com-pàirteachas sìobhalta den aon ghnè a bhith comasach bho dà-mhìle is còig. Tha uchd-mhacachd agus daltachd air a bhith laghail dhaibh bho dà-mhìle is naoi. Chaidh an Acht na Co-ionannachd aontachadh ann an dà-mhìle is deich; a’ ciallachadh nach b’ urrainn do chuideigin leth-bhreith a dhèanamh air sgath gnè no gnèitheas.

‘S e deagh leasachadh a tha seo ann a bhith a’ sealltainn de cho adhartach sat ha Alba mar dùthaich, agus bith e air leth cuideachail airson na daoine òg a tha a’ faireachdainn troigh-cheile mun dealbh-aithne aca. A thuilleadh air sin, cuidichidh e le bhith a’ cùr as leth-bhreith ann an Alba, agus anns na ginealaich nas òige.

Questions

- a) How does John Swinney feel about this development? (1)
- b) When will LGBT Education be introduced? (1)
- c) When did Scottish ministers first take recommendations for this on board? (2)
- d) How long has the group "Time for Inclusive Education" been pressuring the government? (1)
- e) Name two things students will learn about when it's implemented? (2)
- f) When was same-sex marriage legalised in Scotland? (1)
- g) What were same sex couples allowed to do in 2009? (1)
- h) What was made illegal when the Equality Act was passed? (1)

National 5 Gaelic Reading Exercise 3

Answers on the page below

Answers

- a) Excited
- b) This Autumn
- c) November, 2018
- d) Many years
- e) [Any Combination] History of LGBT Equality, How to deal with homophobia/transphobia, Identity issues
- f) 2014
- g) Adoption and Fostering
- h) Gender or Sexuality based discrimination

Total marks: 10

National 5 Gaelic Reading Exercise 3

This was produced by Iona Mercer of Language Learning Scotland Ltd.

©languagelearningscotland